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产品名称: 阿西马朵林
产品别名: **Asimadoline; EMD-61753**

生物活性:				
Description	Asimadoline is a potent κ opioid receptor agonist with IC_{50} s of 5.6 and 1.2 nM for guinea pig and human recombinant κ opioid receptor, respectively.			
IC_{50} & Target	IC_{50} : 5.6 nM (guinea pig κ opioid), 1.2 nM (human recombinant κ opioid) ^[1]			
In Vitro	The IC_{50} for Asimadoline binding to μ -opioid receptors is 3 μ M and to δ -opioid receptors is 0.7 μ M. The IC_{50} values for D1, D2, kainate, σ , PCP/NMDA, H1, α 1, α 2, M1/M2, glycine, 5HT1A, 5HT1C, 5HT1D, 5HT2, 5HT3, AMPA and kainate/AMPA receptors are all >10 IC_{50} , suggesting no relevant antihistaminergic, antiserotonergic or anticholinergic effects. At high concentrations, Asimadoline demonstrates spasmolytic action against 400 μ M barium chloride in the rat duodenum (IC_{50} =4.2 μ M), suggesting that Asimadoline may block the direct stimulant effects of barium on smooth muscle through mechanisms that are not identified ^[1] .			
In Vivo	The absorption rate following oral administration is 80% in rats and >90% in dogs and monkeys. The metabolism of Asimadoline is rapid and appears similar in animals and man. Asimadoline has peripheral anti-inflammatory actions that are partly mediated through increase in joint fluid substance P levels ^[1] . Treatment with Asimadoline (5 mg/kg/day i.p.) produces marked (and sustained) attenuation of the disease with all three time regimes ^[2] .			
Solvent&Solubility	In Vitro: DMSO : ≥ 103.3 mg/mL (249.19 mM) H₂O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.			
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent / Mass / Concentration	1 mg	5 mg
		1 mM	2.4123 mL	12.0616 mL
		5 mM	0.4825 mL	2.4123 mL
		10 mM	0.2412 mL	1.2062 mL
	*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液, 一旦配成溶液, 请分装保存, 避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。 储备液的保存方式和期限: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month。 -80°C 储存时, 请在 6 个月内使用, -20°C 储存时, 请在 1 个月内使用。 In Vivo: 请根据您的实验动物和给药方式选择适当的溶解方案。以下溶解方案都请先按照 In Vitro 方式配制澄清的储备液, 再依次添加助溶剂: ——为保证实验结果的可靠性, 澄清的储备液可以根据储存条件, 适当保存; 体内实验的工作液, 建议您现用现配, 当天使用; 以下溶剂前显示的百分比是指该溶剂在您配制终溶液中的体积占比; 如在配制过程中出现沉淀、析出现象, 可以通过加热和/或超声的方式助溶 1.请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO→40% PEG300 →5% Tween-80 → 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM); Clear solution 此方案可获得 ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液。			



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	以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 μL 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 400 μL PEG300 中, 混合均匀向上述体系中加入 50 μL Tween-80, 混合均匀; 然后继续加入 450 μL 生理盐水定容至 1 mL。 2. 请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO $\rightarrow$ 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic 此方案可获得 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM) 的均匀悬浊液, 悬浊液可用于口服和腹腔注射。 以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 μL 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 μL 20% 的 SBE-β-CD 生理盐水水溶液中, 混合均匀。 3. 请依序添加每种溶剂: 10% DMSO $\rightarrow$ 90% corn oil Solubility: $\geq$ 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM); Clear solution 此方案可获得 $\geq$ 2.5 mg/mL (6.03 mM, 饱和度未知) 的澄清溶液, 此方案不适用于实验周期在半个月以上的实验。 以 1 mL 工作液为例, 取 100 μL 25.0 mg/mL 的澄清 DMSO 储备液加到 900 μL 玉米油中, 混合均匀。
References	[1]. Camilleri M, et al. Asimadoline, a κ-Opioid Agonist, and Visceral Sensation. Neurogastroenterol Motil. 2008 Sep; 20(9): 971–979. [2]. Binder W, et al. Involvement of substance P in the anti-inflammatory effects of the peripherally selective kappa-opioid asimadoline and the NK1 antagonist GR205171. Eur J Neurosci. 1999 Jun;11(6):2065-72.
实验参考:	
Animal Administration	Rats: Asimadoline (5 mg/kg/day, n=10 per group) or vehicle (2 mL/kg/day, n=10) is administered to DA rats by i.p. injection twice daily (i) during the primary inflammatory phase (days 1–3); (ii) once the disease is established (days 13–21); or (iii) throughout the entire time course (days 1-21). Non-arthritic control animals receive Asimadoline (5 mg/kg/day, n=5) or vehicle (2 mL/kg/day, n=5) by i.p. injection twice daily. In all cases, disease parameters are assessed. In this experiment, the SP content of joint tissue is assessed only after the rats are killed (day 21)^[2].
References	[1]. Camilleri M, et al. Asimadoline, a κ-Opioid Agonist, and Visceral Sensation. Neurogastroenterol Motil. 2008 Sep; 20(9): 971–979. [2]. Binder W, et al. Involvement of substance P in the anti-inflammatory effects of the peripherally selective kappa-opioid asimadoline and the NK1 antagonist GR205171. Eur J Neurosci. 1999 Jun;11(6):2065-72.