



上海源叶生物科技有限公司
Shanghai yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248
网址: www.shyuanye.com
邮箱: shyysw@sina.com

产品名称: **Z-ILE-LEU-ALDEHYDE**

产品别名: **Z-IL-CHO; GSI-XII; γ -Secretase inhibitor XII**

生物活性:

Description	Z-Ile-Leu-aldehyde (Z-IL-CHO) is a potent and competitive peptide aldehyde inhibitor of γ -secretase and notch[1][2].				
In Vitro	Z-Ile-Leu-aldehyde (ILCHO) significantly downregulates Th17-associated cytokine levels in murine Th17 in vitro polarization assays[1].				
	Z-Ile-Leu-aldehyde (GSI XII) induces apoptosis of murine MOPC315.BM myeloma cells with high Notch activity[2].				
	RT-PCRsup>[1]				
	Cell Line:	CD4 ⁺ T cells from C57BL/6 mice.			
	Concentration:	25 μ M.			
	Incubation Time:	24, 48, 72 hours.			
	Result:	t and IL-17 mRNA expression. γ Downregulated ROR			
	Cell Viability Assaysup>[2]				
	Cell Line:	MOPC315.BM cells.			
	Concentration:	0, 12, 15 μ M.			
	Incubation Time:	24-48 h hours.			
Result:	Reduced viability and induced apoptosis in MOPC315.BM cells				
In Vivo	Z-Ile-Leu-aldehyde (GSI XII, 10 mg/kg, Intraperitoneally either for 14 days) controls myeloma bone disease mainly by targeting Notch in MM cells and possibly in osteoclasts in their microenvironment[2].				
	Animal Model:	MOPC315.BM mouse model[2].			
	Dosage:	10 mg/kg.			
	Administration:	Intraperitoneally either for 14 days.			
	Result:	Reduces myeloma-specific paraprotein levels in the MOPC315.BM model. Diminished osteolytic lesions in the MOPC315.BM mice.			
Solvent&Solubility	In Vitro:				
	DMSO : ≥ 41 mg/mL (113.12 mM)				
	* " $\geq$ " means soluble, but saturation unknown.				
	Preparing Stock Solutions	SolventMassConcentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	2.7589 mL	13.7946 mL	27.5893 mL
		5 mM	0.5518 mL	2.7589 mL	5.5179 mL
10 mM		0.2759 mL	1.3795 mL	2.7589 mL	
*请根据产品在不同溶剂中的溶解度选择合适的溶剂配制储备液: 一旦配成溶液, 请分装保存, 避免反复冻融造成的产品失效。 储备液的保存方式和期限 -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month。 -80°C 储存时, 请在 6 个月内使用, -20°C 储存时, 请在 1 个月内使用。					



上海源叶生物科技有限公司
Shanghai yuanye Bio-Technology Co., Ltd
电话: 021-61312973 传真: 021-55068248
网址: www.shyuanye.com
邮箱: shyysw@sina.com

References

- [1]. Reem Suleiman, et al. The Role Of Notch In Th17 Differentiation. University of Massachusetts Amherst. 9-2013.
- [2]. Schwarzer R, et al. Notch pathway inhibition controls myeloma bone disease in the murine MOPC315.BM model. Blood Cancer J. 2014 Jun 13;4:e217.



源叶生物